

## CONFERENCE ON STATEHOOD BILL

### Committee in Ses- sion Settles Two Vexed Questions

### CHARGES AGAINST SMOOT

#### Probably Sustained by Major- ity of Senate--Appoint- ment of Postmasters.

Washington, May 3.—Two important conclusions were reached by the conferees of statehood today, which settles the school land question and makes the present registration districts temporary counties for the purposes of court jurisdiction during the formation of new states and the erection of permanent county boundaries. As to school lands it was agreed in substance that the state may lease its mineral school lands and shall not be deprived of their greater value. Efforts were made to get daily sessions of the conference committee but objection on the part of the Senate conferees prevented such an arrangement.

Go to the Conference Committee. Special to the New Mexican.

Washington, May 3.—Speaker Cannon today told the chairman of the Oklahoma committee now in this city at work for the passage of the Hamilton joint statehood bill, that if he and his committee wanted immediate statehood the conference committee bill in charge and urge it and bring it about. The committee on the bill was forenoon two hours and amendments.

Las Vegas Postoffice. Special to the New Mexican.

Washington, May 3.—The papers concerning the re-establishment of the postoffice in the town of Las Vegas, have been received at the postoffice department. The matter of the appointment of a postmaster and to establish the free delivery system in the town will have prompt attention at the department.

New Mexico Postmasters. Special to the New Mexican.

Washington, May 3.—The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed: Blummer, Rio Arriba County, Sarah C. Martinez, vice J. M. Martinez, resigned; Mesilla, Dona Ana County, William C. Reynolds, vice M. A. Chaves, resigned.

New Mexico Pensions. Special to the New Mexican.

Washington, May 3.—Through the efforts of Delegate Andrews, the following New Mexico pensions have been allowed by the pension office: Juan Samora, San Miguel County, \$12 per month from March 2, 1906; Hannibal O. Beeson, Roswell, Chaves County, \$6 per month from November, 1906; Niles Benson, Fort Bayard, Grant County, \$10 per month, from December 23, 1905.

Foreign Contributions Acceptable.

Washington, May 3.—The President today sent a special message to Congress in which he explained the attitude of the government regarding the offer of contributions to San Francisco from foreign countries. The President said that where contributions were made to this government, he did not feel warranted in accepting them but where they made to the citizens' relief committee of San Francisco no official action could be taken in regard to them. The message indicates that the governments of the entire civilized world, have promptly responded to the messages of sympathy and many with contributions and offers of contributions.

Smoot Will Have to Go.

Washington, May 3.—The fact that a majority will vote to sustain the charges against Senator Reed Smoot was learned by a poll of the Senate committee on privileges and elections yesterday. However, the full strength of the opposition cannot be held for a report recommending the exclusion of the Senator, which would require only a majority vote of the Senate.

Opposition to Amended Rate Bill.

Washington, May 3.—In the Senate today Senator Nelson spoke on the railroad rate bill in opposition to Bailey's amendment. The House went into committee of the whole for consideration of the naval appropriation bill.

COPYRIGHT LAWS.

Washington, May 3.—It is understood the third and final draft of the bill to codify the copyright laws of the United States has been practically completed and will be submitted to Congress by the copyright commission in about ten days.

PROVES FAILURE.

Paris, May 3.—The general strike shows further evidence of disruption today but a number of trades are still refusing to return to work until their demands are granted.

## PROPERTY LOSS HIGH.

Many Millions of Property Destroyed in Earthquake and its Subsequent Fire—Ruin in San Mateo.

San Francisco, May 3.—The commercial banks belonging to the clearing house association have arranged for all new or "special" business. The arrangement is to receive all deposits of customers who may desire to open new accounts. The depositors may check out these accounts without limit. It is now figured that property loss in San Francisco is \$350,000,000. Where nearly 576 small safes were opened the past 72 hours by permission, it was found that in not more than 60 per cent of the instances the contents remained intact. It is feared that in many other cases the contents of so-called "fire proof safes have been destroyed.

Destruction Complete in San Mateo.

San Mateo, Calif., May 3.—The losses in the San Mateo County resulting from the recent earthquake can never be approximately estimated, but practically every building in the county suffered some damage. Here as elsewhere all brick and stone buildings suffered the most. The loss of life, however, is small. In Half Moon Bay a painter and his two children were killed in the collapse of an old adobe building. The heaviest losses were in Red Wood City, where the new \$250,000 court house was almost totally destroyed.

## INSURANCE TO BE PAID.

Representatives Meet in New York and Consider Responsibility in San Francisco Earthquake.

New York, May 3.—The Tribune today says: "Representatives of both foreign and American fire insurance companies who were in the city yesterday, discussed an action to effect a compromise in the adjustment of losses by the San Francisco fire. All expressed a disposition to be not only fair but generous. The sense of the meeting, however, was that the companies could not pay for earthquake losses. It is believed they will eventually pay from 60 to 75 per cent of the aggregate amounts of the risks." As a result of the meeting of representatives of several British insurance companies, it was decided that "under the circumstances, the British offices will pay losses for which they are legally liable, since to go beyond their contracts would be illegal. They cannot recognize, however, liabilities in damage by earthquake where no fire ensues nor for damage to fallen or partly fallen buildings, nor those destroyed by authorities.

## FIRE THREATENS GENERAL HOSPITAL

Blaze in Laundry at Presidio Causes Panic Among Thousands of Inmates of Sanitarium.

San Francisco, May 3.—The laundry in the rear of the general hospital at the Presidio took fire at 4:15 o'clock this morning and was totally destroyed. The flames were extinguished, however, before they reached the main building, in which there were about a thousand patients who were thrown into a panic.

## WIRES HIS CON- GRATULATION

Roosevelt Rejoices at Success of American Contestants in Olympia Games—Sends Telegram.

Athens, May 3.—President Roosevelt has telegraphed James E. Sullivan, manager of the American team at the Olympic games as follows: "Heartiest congratulations to you and your American contestants. Uncle Sam is all right. Theodore Roosevelt."

## MARKET UNSETTLED.

Stock Exchange Fails to Recover After Yesterday's Excitement—Only Moderate Gains Recorded.

New York, May 3.—The stock market today showed itself in a rather nervous and unsettled frame of mind after its experience of yesterday. Moderate gains at the opening were not extended and it became evident very soon that there was no large buying demand to extend yesterday's recoveries.

## MARBLE WORKS AT LAS VEGAS

Extensive Deposits of Valuable Stone Near the Meadow City.

A ton of saws have been ordered from Denver for the Las Vegas Marble Works. There are extensive marble deposits at San Geronimo, twelve miles from Las Vegas and it has been practically decided that the plant will be located at the latter place. The rough stone will then be hauled from the quarries to Las Vegas where it will be dressed.

## CHINA PRESENTS FIRST OBSTACLES

### Manifestation of Oriental Dignity Falls on U. S.

### OBJECTS TO CONSULATES

#### Makes Stand Against Extension of Foreign Land Holdings—Draws Other Lines

Washington, May 3.—China is asserting her dignity and rights as to the province of Manchuria in a manner not entirely agreeable to all powers, and the first manifestation unfortunately, falls upon the United States. Partly to sustain the Chinese claim to sovereignty over the province and also to secure the open door, the state department early in the Japanese-Russian war took steps to establish consulates at Antung, Tungchow, Mukden and Dalny. During the progress of hostilities it was not possible to actually open offices there, but as soon as Japan and Russia were willing to withdraw their troops, it was of course assumed that there would be no further difficulty in installing American consuls.

China Presents Obstacles.

Now, however, appears China interposing obstacles. The Chinese government is determined to make a stand against any extension of foreign land holdings in China and finds this an opportunity to make an issue in connection with the establishment of foreign consulates in Manchuria. Elsewhere in China there are what is known as foreign settlements where the consulates are located and the ground title in many cases rests in the hands of foreign governments. These settlements have always been obnoxious to the Chinese and they have determined to prevent any extensions.

## SOUTHERN GIRL MARRIES ASTOR

Wedding Ceremony Unites Famous Virginia Beauty to Scion of Wealthy American Family.

London, May 3.—Mrs. Nannie Langhorne Shaw, a famous beauty of Richmond, Virginia, and Waldorf Astor, were married here today.

London, May 3.—Only the immediate relatives and friends of the couple knew of the wedding, so the congregation was small. The object of the quietness was to prevent the possibility of an interruption by certain of the clergy of London, who object to the marriage of divorced persons in a church whether they are the aggrieved party or not. One of the clergy threatened to interrupt the ceremony with an objection.

Many Valuable Gifts.

The newly married couple received many handsome presents, including the beautiful Cliveden estate, which Mr. Astor presented to his son with all its contents as wedding present. He also gave the bride a tiara in which is set a famous fancy diamond weighing 53-12 carats and is valued at \$75,000. The groom's present to the bride was a necklace formed by three rows of superb pearls.

## BANK OFFICIAL FOR GRAND JURY

John R. Walsh, Former President of Rich Institution, Waives Examination and Gives Bond.

Chicago, May 3.—John R. Walsh, former president of the defunct Chicago National Bank, was today held to the federal grand jury in bonds of \$50,000 by United States Commissioner Foote. When Walsh appeared before the commission, Assistant United States District Attorney Childs said the government was ready. Walsh's attorney waived examination and the commissioner then bound Walsh over. Bonds were at once furnished.

ACCIDENTAL EXPLOSION

Discharge of Dynamite Bomb Kills Russian and Dangerously Injures His Companion.

Paris, May 3.—A bomb was exploded in the Forest Vincennes at two o'clock this afternoon, instantly killing a Russian named Strle and dangerously wounding his companion. They were proceeding through the woods, each carrying a bomb with the evident purpose of hiding it for future use when one of the bombs accidentally exploded. The police have not yet been able to establish the identity and connection of the two men.

## REORGANIZATION IS ANTICIPATED

### Complete New Cabinet is Expected in Russia.

### MINISTERS ASKED RESIGN

#### Incoming Officials Considered Colorless—Future Policy Government Guarded.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—The immediate organization of a new cabinet is now anticipated. All ministers are expected to place their resignation in the Emperor's hands. Besides M. Gorky as premier, the new slate is said to include Stolypin, now governor of Saratoff, for minister of the interior; Kokosoff, for minister of finance; Prince Galitzin professor of physics at the Academy of Science, minister of ways and communications; Von Hauffman, minister of education; Prince Sherinski-Shakmatoff, procurator of the Holy Synod and St. Chegloveroff, minister of justice, all bureaucrats, but all rather colorless. The future policy of the government is so carefully guarded that papers are puzzled as to whether Count Witte's downfall means the reversal of the lever or the possibility of reaching a common ground in parliament.

## NINE CADETS EXPELLED.

As Result of Disobedience of Orders Forty Pupils of Military Institute Placed Under Arrest.

As a result of their refusal to go out for battalion drill when ordered by Military Instructor Major Pearson, nine cadets of the New Mexico Military Institute at Roswell have been expelled, while thirty one others have been severely punished. All of the cadets were placed under arrest immediately after their misconduct, and given the option of accepting a severe punishment or expulsion. Thirty-one members agreed to accept the following punishment for their disobedience: To remain within the enclosure of the Institute grounds, under arrest until the end of the present session; to obey all future orders, to apologize to the faculty and to walk twenty penalty hours. This is said to be the first serious infraction of discipline since Colonel Willson took charge of the school and his action in dealing with the disobedience is generally commended.

## BOARD OF REGENTS HOLDS MEETING

Entire Faculty at University of New Mexico Re-Elected for Coming Year.

At a meeting of the board of regents of the University of New Mexico held in Albuquerque yesterday afternoon, the entire faculty of the past year were re-elected. The board also elected two new men to positions on the faculty. Daniel M. Richards, who for five years has been principal of the preparatory department of the College of Agriculture at Mesilla Park and John Nelson Cadby instructor in the electrical engineering department of the Y. M. C. A. School of Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Several contracts for new furniture and repairs in the buildings were also let in yesterday's meeting. The present year has been the most successful in the history of the school, and its record is now better than ever before.

## UNFORTUNATE WOMAN'S BURIAL

Remains of Las Vegas Suicide and Child Murderess, Consigned to Mother Earth.

Mrs. James A. Grief and her five years old son were buried together today at Las Vegas, the funeral being private and taking place from the undertaking establishment of Dearth & Company. Mrs. Grief is the Las Vegas woman who shot her little son through the head and then committed suicide yesterday forenoon. The child lived but a short time after being shot.

## LEAVES CAPITAL.

Senator W. A. Clark of Montana States That He Will Return to the West at Close of Present Term.

Butte, Mont., May 3.—In a signed statement appearing today in the Butte Miner, his own paper, Senator W. A. Clark of Montana announced that he is not a candidate for re-election to the United States Senate. He says he will return to Montana to operate his interests, at the close of his present term in the Senate.

## VERY DESIRABLE IMMIGRATION

Third Carload of Intending Settlers Left for Estancia Valley Today—Half From Kansas.

The third special car load of settlers for the Estancia Valley to arrive within a month, under the direction of J. C. Maxwell & Company, immigration agents of Wichita, Kansas, left at noon today for Estancia, and the prospects are that every one of the score or more members of the party, all of whom are strong young men of the kind forming the sinew and strength of the country, will settle and make their permanent home in the beautiful and fertile valley. Of the two previous parties, one coming about April 1st, and the other April 15, every single member of the party has taken up land and fully decided to cast his fortune with that of New Mexico.

Friends Urge Them to Come.

Although the first comers were attracted by the advertising literature sent out by the Immigration Bureau here, an interesting feature and one that goes far to prove the many attractive qualities of the valley is that the party leaving today nearly all come urged directly by those who had gone before, the first settlers in the community becoming so enthusiastic as to urge their friends and relatives to give up their positions and farms in the Kansas land to seek and make a home for themselves in the newer and broader west. The new arrivals are nearly all young men, full of life and spirit, who for years to come will add much to the general average of strength and intelligence of the Territory.

The settlers will all take up land under the homestead law, and as all are of a class, with sufficient money to properly improve their land and secure the needed benefits, there is no question that all will make a success of the new venture, and considerably better their fortunes by coming west. Nearly all are practical tillers of the soil with experience in farming. Among the party is Dr. Miller, and wife, both from Wichita but so enthusiastic over their prospects have been those who have gone before that the doctor in view of the healthful prospects of the Territory has almost decided to give up his practice and he too, will take up farm land, and in the future devote himself to the soil.

The party consists of J. C. Maxwell, H. F. Zillman and J. P. Shaw of Enid, Oklahoma, H. D. Malone, George Woodman, John Sillard, C. Collins, L. M. Lawson, A. A. Lawson, John Punty, B. C. Munich, Fred Young, Chester Dorsey, Blanton Tandy, E. W. Morris, Joseph Maxwell, Charles Elliott, all of Wichita, and E. S. McGowan, Charles Golladay, W. F. Law and W. J. McNall of Anthony, Kansas.

## RANCH HOUSE DYNAMITED

In Attempt to Dispose of Witnesses Against Them, Alleged Cattle Rustlers Destroyed Home.

In order to dispose of the principle witness against them, unknown criminals supposed to be cattle rustlers, dynamited the house of Leo Oswald, a rancher of Lincoln County near Capitan, New Mexico, Wednesday night, and but for the burning powder giving warning by its odor both Oswald and his little son would probably have been killed in the explosion, which totally destroyed the house. Immediately after leaving the house Oswald noticed several men skulking away and although he fired several shots at the retreating figures with his Winchester, the men made good their escape. The affair was immediately reported to the police, and J. J. Hicks and Robert Leslie were located and placed under arrest charged with the crime. It is believed the perpetrators of the outrage are cattle rustlers now out on bond awaiting a hearing. Oswald has been the principle witness against a number of thieves and by his testimony has been instrumental in securing convictions against several, some of whom are now in the territorial prison. The two men arrested will be given a preliminary hearing at Nogal Saturday.

## WILL HAVE NO NEPOTISM

Judge Gillette of Oklahoma Defeated—Appointed Too Many Relatives.

According to Washington advices, the charge of nepotism served to defeat the confirmation of Judge Gillette, associate justice of the Supreme Court of Oklahoma, in the Senate committee which had it under consideration. Not only did the committee hold up the nomination, but is not to confirm the nominee, according to a gentleman interested in the appointment, who is in a position to learn the action of the committee. It is asserted that, in violation at least of the spirit of the law, prohibiting federal judges from having relatives as court officials, Justice Gillette has his son as one clerk and a brother-in-law or some other relative as another.

## COMMENCEMENT AT INDIAN SCHOOL

### Five Pupils Complete Course at Institution.

### GOVERNOR GIVES DIPLOMAS

#### Graduating Address by Attorney General Prichard—Interesting Exercises.

The sixteenth annual commencement exercises of the United States Indian Training School were held last night in the spacious auditorium of the institution, a large and interested audience being present. The program had been perfectly arranged and was carried out in a most satisfactory manner, a number of the pupils of the school taking part and doing justice to themselves and credit to their instructors.

The auditorium had been nicely decorated for the occasion and the stage presented a pretty appearance. Besides the five members of the graduating class and Superintendent C. J. Crandall, Governor Herbert J. Hagerman, Professor Hiram Hadley, superintendent of public instruction, Attorney General G. W. Prichard, Cyrus Beede, traveling Indian inspector with headquarters at Oskaloosa, Iowa, and the instructors of the institution occupied the stage. The pupils of the institution were in attendance, the girls ranged on one side of the auditorium and the boys on the other, while the center was reserved for visitors. A number of the older boys in uniform acted as ushers in which capacity they did good service.

The program opened with a selection by the Indian School orchestra, which was well rendered. After the singing of "America," into which the pupils of the school entered with a spirit, Professor Hadley gave the invocation.

Superintendent Crandall then made a short address in which he told something of the work being done by the school. He said that during the sixteen years since its establishment, a large number of its pupils had gone forth into the world and that the reports continually being received from them were gratifying.

Graduates Become Educators. "There are young men from the Santa Fe school," said Superintendent Crandall, "in all of the Rocky Mountain states, and from the reports which we receive from them we know what work they are doing. After working hard in this institution for years and becoming masters at their various trades, they have gone out into the world and are making a success of life. Many of them have gone back to the pueblos with their people and there have acted as educators in their own way."

"We have no apologies to make for the work we are doing here," continued the superintendent. "Among the Indian schools of the United States, this one ranks fifth in size and in proficiency I think it is equal to the best of them. We have in our class this year five young men, two of whom have learned the tailoring trade, one of them is a skilled shoemaker, one a baker and the other a blacksmith."

In conclusion, the superintendent addressed the graduates telling them of what the government had done for them and informing them that it was their duty to lead a life hereafter which would show their appreciation.

The address of the evening was made by Attorney General G. W. Prichard. His speech was not long but effective and interesting. Colonel Prichard has been a resident of the west for many years and is familiar with the Indian both at peace and in war. He has made a study of their habits and their manner of living, and spoke very entertainingly upon the subject. He told of the legends which have been handed down from one generation to another and regretted that no historian had ever been able to collect them and reproduce them in some work of art.

Indian Language Beautiful. "The written part of the English language," said Colonel Prichard, "is its most beautiful. So would it be with the Indian language. I am sorry that we have not the history of these people who are living in their primitive way about us, extending back a thousand years or more. It is possible and I sincerely hope that at some time, a member of some of the southwestern Indian tribes will write us a history of their people."

Colonel Prichard then devoted some time to telling what had been done and was being done by the government for the uplifting of the Indian and expressed a hope that, when the present class left the institution, they

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